=> file reg; d que l1

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L1 59 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]
R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]L|HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]
R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]LN|HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]
]R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]LG.{0-10}/SQSP

=> d rn cn sql kwic nte l1 1-59

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

RN 868580-01-2 REGISTRY

CN Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Ile-Phe-Thr-Asp-Ser-Tyr-Ser-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Gln-Arg-Val-Arg-Asn-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 37: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 37 unclaimed protein

SQL 38

EQ 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR YRQRVRNX

------

HITS AT: 1-27

NTE

type ----- location ----- description

----- description

incommon Aaa-38

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

RN 868580-00-1 REGISTRY

CN Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Ile-Phe-Thr-Asp-Ser-Tyr-Ser-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Val-Leu-Gly-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Gln-Arg-Val-Arg-Asn-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2

OTHER NAMES: 36: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 36 unclaimed protein SQL 38 SEO 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR YRQRVRNX HITS AT: 1-27 NTE \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ----- location -----uncommon Aaa-38 ANSWER 3 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L1RN868579-98-0 REGISTRY CN Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Ile-Phe-Thr-Asp-Ser-Tyr-Ser-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Arg-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN 34: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 34 unclaimed protein SQL 30 SEO 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRX HITS AT: 1-27 NTE ~~-~~------ location ----type description uncommon Aaa-30 LI ANSWER 4 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 868579-97-9 REGISTRY CNPeptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Ile-Phe-Thr-Asp-Ser-Tyr-Ser-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Val-Leu-Gly-Arg-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN 33: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 33 unclaimed protein SOL 30 SEQ 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRX HITS AT: 1-27 NTE ----- location ----- description Ll ANSWER 5 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 868579-96-8 REGISTRY Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Val-Leu-Gly-Arg-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 32: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 32 unclaimed protein

SQL 30

```
SEO
      1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRX
        HITS AT:
        1-27
-----
type
            ----- location -----
                                   description
_____
           Aaa-30
uncommon
   ANSWER 6 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
   868579-94-6 REGISTRY
   Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Ala-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-
   Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Arg-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX
OTHER NAMES:
   30: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 30 unclaimed protein
CN
SQL 30
SEO
      1 HSDAVFTANY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRX
        HITS AT:
        1-27
NTE
   ----- location -----
                                   description
Aaa-30
L1
   ANSWER 7 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
   868579-92-4 REGISTRY
CN
   Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Glu-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-
   Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Arg-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX
   NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
   28: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 28 unclaimed protein
SOL 30
      1 HSDAVFTENY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRX
        HITS AT:
        1-27
NTE
            ----- location -----
                                   description
~~~~
           Aaa-30
   ANSWER 8 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L1
   868579-91-3 REGISTRY
   Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-
   Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Lys-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX
   NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
   27: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 27 unclaimed protein
SQL 30
SEQ
      1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGKX
```

------

HITS AT: 1-27 NTE \_\_\_\_\_\_ ----- location ----description uncommon Aaa-30 L1ANSWER 9 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 868579-90-2 REGISTRY CNPeptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 25: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 25 unclaimed protein SQL 29 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGX HITS AT: 1-27 NTE ----- location ----description Aaa-29 uncommon L1ANSWER 10 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 868579-89-9 REGISTRY CN Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 24: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 24 unclaimed protein CN SQL 28 SEO 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILX HITS AT: 1-27 NTE ----- location ----description uncommon Aaa-28 L1ANSWER 11 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 868579-86-6 REGISTRY Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Gly-Arg-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN 19: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 19 unclaimed protein SQL 30 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRX 1-27 HITS AT: NTE type ----- location ----description

```
uncommon
             Aaa-30
    ANSWER 12 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L1
RN
    868579-85-5 REGISTRY
    Peptide, (His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Lys-Gln-
    Leu-Ala-Val-Lys-Lys-Tyr-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Leu-Xaa) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    18: PN: WO2005102375 SEQID: 18 unclaimed protein
SOL
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRKQLAVK KYLAAILX
SEQ
         1-27
HITS AT:
NTE
              ----- location ----- description
______
T.1
    ANSWER 13 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    868368-05-2 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR
SEQ
         HITS AT: 1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
              ----- location -----
                                         description
type
______
terminal mod. Arg-30
                                     C-terminal amide
    ANSWER 14 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
T.1
    868368-04-1 REGISTRY
RN
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR YRQRVRNR
SEO
         HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
```

```
-------
             ----- location -----
                                      description
terminal mod.
            Arg-38
                                 C-terminal amide
L1
    ANSWER 15 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    868368-03-0 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SOL
SEO
       1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRROLAVR RYLAAVLGRR YRORVRNR
         _____
HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
        ----- location ----- description
type
terminal mod. Arg-38 - C-terminal amide
1.1
   ANSWER 16 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    868368-02-9 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, N-acetyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-\\
    seryl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
    30
SEO
       1 HSDAVFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR
         -------
HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK**
NTE modified
----- location ----- description
terminal mod. His-1 - terminal mod. Arg-30 -
                                N-acetyl
C-terminal amide
    ANSWER 17 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
T.1
RN
    868367-97-9 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SOL 30
```

1 HSDAVFTDSY SRYRROLAVR RYLAAILGRR SEO HITS AT: NTE modified ---------- location ----description type terminal mod. Arg-30 C-terminal amide ANSWER 18 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L1RN868367-93-5 REGISTRY CN L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-Larginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-Lvalyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lleucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL 30 SEO 1 HSDAVFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* Ll ANSWER 19 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 868367-91-3 REGISTRY CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-qlutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL SEO 1 HSDAVFTENY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified description ----- location ----type terminal mod. Arg-30 C-terminal amide ANSWER 20 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1.1 868367-73-1 REGISTRY RN CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-norleucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRROXAVR RYLAAILGRR SEO HITS AT: 1-27

```
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
______
        ----- location ----- description
type
terminal mod. Arg-30 - C-terminal amide
uncommon
             Nle-17
    ANSWER 21 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    868367-72-0 REGISTRY
RN
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SOL
SEQ
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
         HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK**
1.1
    ANSWER 22 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    868367-71-9 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, N-(1-oxooctadecyl)-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-
    L-tyrosyl-L-threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    leucyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SOL
SEO
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
         ---------
HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified (modifications unspecified)
    ANSWER 23 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
T.1
RN
    868367-70-8 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, N-acetyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-
    L-threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
SEQ
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
         HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
             ----- location ----- description
terminal mod.
             His-l
                                     N-acetyl
```

```
terminal mod.
              Arg-30
                                      C-terminal amide
L1
    ANSWER 24 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    868367-65-1 REGISTRY
RN
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
SEO
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
         ------
HITS AT:
         1 - 27
**RELATED SEOUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK**
NTE modified
----- location ----- description
terminal mod. Arg-30
                                    C-terminal amide
    ANSWER 25 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L1
RN
    791908-27-5 REGISTRY
CN L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaqinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
    17: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 33 claimed protein
SOL 38
SEO
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRROLAVR RYLAAILGRR YRORVRNR
         ------
HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
1.1
    ANSWER 26 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    791908-26-4 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valy1-L-arginy1-L-arginy1-L-tyrosy1-L-leucy1-L-alany1-L-alany1-L-valy1-L-
    leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN ·
    16: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 32 claimed protein
SOL 38
SEO
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR YRQRVRNR
         ________
HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
```

```
L1
    ANSWER 27 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    791908-24-2 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    13: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 29 claimed protein
SQL
SEQ
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
           HITS AT:
          1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
Ll
    ANSWER 28 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    791908-23-1 REGISTRY
RN
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    12: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 28 claimed protein
SQL
SEO
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR
          HITS AT:
          1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
L1
    ANSWER 29 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    791908-20-8 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    8: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 18 claimed protein
SQL
    30
SEO
        1 HSDAVFTENY TRLRROLAVR RYLAAILGRR
          ______
HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
L1
    ANSWER 30 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    791908-18-4 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    4: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 9 claimed protein
SQL 30
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
SEO
          HITS AT:
          1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
L1
    ANSWER 31 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    736969-39-4 REGISTRY
RN
CN
    L-Argininamide, N-octadecyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-
    L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-
    tyrosyl-L-threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    leucyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
SEO
          ______
HITS AT:
          1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified (modifications unspecified)
L1
    ANSWER 32 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    735801-36-2 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
SEO
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR YRQRVRNR
          HITS AT:
         1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
 type
               ----- location -----
                                           description
_____
              Arg-38
terminal mod.
                                      C-terminal amide
L1
    ANSWER 33 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    735801-35-1 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    leucylqlycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
    arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

SEQ 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR YRQRVRNR

SQL

10/536,880 HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* ----- location ----description terminal mod. Arg-38 C-terminal amide ANSWER 34 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 735801-33-9 REGISTRY RN CN L-Argininamide, N-acetyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-Lseryl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lvalyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SOL SEO 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR ------HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified type ----- location ----description terminal mod. His-1 terminal mod. Arg-30 N-acetyl C-terminal amide T.1 ANSWER 35 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 735801-32-8 REGISTRY CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl- $\verb|L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L$ arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-Lvalyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL 30 SEO 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified ----- location ----description C-terminal amide

- L1 ANSWER 36 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- RN 735801-31-7 REGISTRY
- CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-

valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lleucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL SEQ 1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified ----- location ----type description \_\_\_\_\_\_ - C-terminal amide terminal mod. Arg-30 L1ANSWER 37 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 735801-28-2 REGISTRY RN CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL SEO 1 HSDAVFTENY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK\*\* NTE modified ----- location ----- description terminal mod. Arg-30 C-terminal amide ANSWER 38 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L1735801-27-1 REGISTRY RN CN  $L-Arginina mide, \ L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L$ phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-norleucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylqlycyl-L-arqinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SOL 30 SEO 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQXAVR RYLAAILGRR --------HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK\*\* NTE modified ----- location ----- description terminal mod. Arg-30 - C-terminal amide Nle-17 uncommon

```
L1
    ANSWER 39 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    735801-26-0 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
SEQ
       1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
        HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
    ANSWER 40 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L1
RN
    735801-25-9 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, N-acetyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-
    L-threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SOL
   30
SEO
       1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRROLAVR RYLAAILGRR
        -----
HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK**
NTE modified
            ----- location -----
type
                                    description
terminal mod. His-1
terminal mod. Arg-30
                               N-acetyl
                             C-terminal amide
-----
L1
   ANSWER 41 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    735801-24-8 REGISTRY
CN
   L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
   phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
   30
       1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
        HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
----- location -----
                                    description
- C-terminal amide
terminal mod. Arg-30
```

```
735327-72-7 REGISTRY
RN
CN
         L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
         phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-alanyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-threonyl-L-
         arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
         valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
         L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
         24: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 24 claimed sequence
CN
         35: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 20 claimed sequence
SQL 30
SEQ
                1 HSDAVFTANY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
                   ------
HITS AT:
NTE modified
                           ----- location -----
                                                                                 description
 tvpe
terminal mod. Arg-30
                                                                       C-terminal amide
        ANSWER 43 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN .
L1
RN
         702686-59-7 REGISTRY
CN
        L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
        \verb|L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L
        arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
        valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
        L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
         arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
         31: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 31 claimed sequence
SQL
SEQ
                1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR YRQRVRNR
                   HITS AT:
                   1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK**
NTE modified
                           ----- location -----
                                                                                  description
terminal mod.
                           Arg-38
                                                                       C-terminal amide
    L1
        ANSWER 44 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
        702686-58-6 REGISTRY
CN
        L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
        L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
        arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
        valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
        leucylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-
        arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
        30: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 30 claimed protein
SQL 38
               1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR YRQRVRNR
                  ----------
```

HITS AT: 1-27

```
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
----- location -----
                                   description
type
terminal mod. Arg-38 -
                               C-terminal amide
1.1
   ANSWER 45 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
   702686-57-5 REGISTRY
CN
  L-Argininamide, N-acetyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-
   isoleucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-
   seryl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
   alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
   valyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
   29: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 29 claimed sequence
CN
SQL 30
SEQ
       1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR
        -----
HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK**
NTE modified
----- location ----- description
terminal mod. His-1
terminal mod. Arg-30
                                N-acetyl
                            N-acetyı
C-terminal amide
L1
   ANSWER 46 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
  702686-56-4 REGISTRY
CN
   L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
   L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
   arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
   valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
   L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
   28: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 28 claimed sequence
CN
SQL 30
SEQ
      1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
        HITS AT:
        1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
            ----- location -----
                                    description
terminal mod. Arg-30
                         - C-terminal amide
L1
   ANSWER 47 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
   702686-55-3 REGISTRY
```

```
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-
    L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-L-seryl-L-
    arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-
    valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
    27: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 27 claimed sequence
CN
SQL
SEQ
        1 HSDAIFTDSY SRYRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR
          ------
HITS AT:
          1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
               ----- location -----
terminal mod. Arg-30
                                       C-terminal amide
______
L1
    ANSWER 48 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    702686-53-1 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    22: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 22 claimed protein
SQL 30
SEO
        1 HSDAVFTENY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR
          ------
HITS AT:
          1-27
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
NTE modified
               ----- location ----- description
terminal mod. Arg-30
                                       C-terminal amide
Ll
    ANSWER 49 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
    702686-52-0 REGISTRY
CN
    L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
    phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
    threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-norleucyl-L-
    alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
    isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    17: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 17 claimed protein
SQL 30
        1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQXAVR RYLAAILGRR
SEO
          ______ ____
HITS AT:
          1-27
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\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified ----- location ----- description type terminal mod. Arg-30 -C-terminal amide uncommon Nle-17 ANSWER 50 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 702686-49-5 REGISTRY RN CNL-Arginine, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN 16: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 16 claimed sequence SQL 30 SEO 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ HITS AT: 1 - 27\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* L1 ANSWER 51 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 702686-42-8 REGISTRY CN L-Argininamide, N-(1-oxooctadecyl)-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-Lleucyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-Lalanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 15: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 15 claimed sequence SQL 30 SEO 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR \_\_\_\_\_\_ HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified (modifications unspecified) L1ANSWER 52 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 702686-38-2 REGISTRY CN L-Argininamide, N-acetyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-alanyl-Lvalyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN 14: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 14 claimed sequence SQL 30 SEQ 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ HITS AT: 1-27

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified ----- location ----description \_\_\_\_\_\_ terminal mod. His-1 terminal mod. Arg-30 N-acetyl C-terminal amide \_\_\_\_\_\_ L1ANSWER 53 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 702686-37-1 REGISTRY CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN 13: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 13 claimed protein SQL 30 SEO 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGRR ----------HITS AT: 1-27 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* NTE modified type ----- location ----description terminal mod. Arg-30 -C-terminal amide  $L_1$ ANSWER 54 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN RN 700368-96-3 REGISTRY CNL-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaqinyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-Lvalyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN26: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 26 claimed protein SQL 30 SEQ 1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAVLGRR HITS AT: 1-27 NTE modified ----- location ----- description type terminal mod. Arg-30 C-terminal amide 1.1 ANSWER 55 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 700368-90-7 REGISTRY RN CN L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-Lthreonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-Lalanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-

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isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
        21: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 21 claimed protein
        33: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 17 claimed sequence
SQL 30
SEQ
              1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGKR
                 HITS AT:
                 1-27
NTE modified
----- location ----- description
- C-terminal amide
terminal mod. Arg-30
L1
        ANSWER 56 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
        700368-87-2 REGISTRY
RN
CN
        L-Argininamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
        phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
        threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
        alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
        isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
        20: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 20 claimed protein
CN
        32: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 16 claimed sequence
SQL 29
SEO
              1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGR
                 HITS AT:
               1-27
NTE modified
                           ----- location -----
                                                                           description
_____
                        Arg-29
                                                                 C-terminal amide
        ANSWER 57 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
T.1
        700368-85-0 REGISTRY
RN
CN
       L-Ly sinamide, \ L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl
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        threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
        alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
        isoleucyl-L-leucylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
        19: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 19 claimed protein
ĊN
        31: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 15 claimed sequence
SQL 29
SEO
              1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRRQLAVR RYLAAILGK
                 HITS AT:
               1-27
NTE modified
----- location ----- description
- C-terminal amide
terminal mod. Lys-29
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Ll
          ANSWER 58 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
          700368-83-8 REGISTRY
CN
          Glycinamide, L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-α-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-
          phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-asparaginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
          threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
          alanyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
          isoleucyl-L-leucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
          18: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 18 claimed protein
CN
          30: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 14 claimed sequence
SOL 28
SEQ
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                      HITS AT:
                     1-27
NTE modified
----- location -----
terminal mod. Gly-28
                                                                                    C-terminal amide
L1
          ANSWER 59 OF 59 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
RN
          700368-81-6 REGISTRY
         L-Aspartamide, \ L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-
CN
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          threonyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-
          alanyl-L-valyl-L-lysyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-
          isoleucyl-L-leucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
          12: PN: WO2004048401 SEQID: 12 claimed protein
CN
          28: PN: JP2004315436 SEQID: 8 claimed sequence
SOL 28
SEQ
                  1 HSDAVFTDNY TRLRKQLAVK KYLAAILN
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HITS AT:
                     1-27
NTE modified
                                 ----- location -----
                                                                                            description
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terminal mod. Asn-28
                                                                                    C-terminal amide
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10/536.880 22

=> file caplus; d que 12 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:26:29 ON 15 AUG 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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## http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

L159 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY] R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]L|HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]LN|HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]LG.{0-10}/SQSP

L2 4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L1

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ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1171442 CAPLUS

Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:446712

TITLE: Corneal neuritogenesis promoter containing PACAP and

its derivative

INVENTOR (S): Takayama, Yoshiko; Nakamura, Yoshikuni; Inoue, Yutaka;

Yabuta, Chiho; Azuma, Mitsuyoshi; Onoue, Satomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Senju Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Itoham Foods

Inc.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KINI	)	DATE		1	APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
	<del>-</del>			,			:										
WO 2005	A1	A1 200		1103	1	WO 2005-JP7609			20050421								
<b>W</b> :	AE, A	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	
	CN, C	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
	GE, (	GH,	GM,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JΡ,	KΕ,	KG,	KM,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	
	LC, I	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	

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NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL,
             SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA,
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
             RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                             . 20051103
                                            CA 2005-2563882
     CA 2563882
                          A1
                                                                    20050421
     EP 1752158
                          A1
                                20070214
                                            EP 2005-734734
                                                                    20050421
             AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
     CN 1997381
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                                20070711
                                            CN 2005-80020521
                                                                    20050421
     IN 2006CN03885
                                20070615
                          Α
                                            IN 2006-CN3885
                                                                    20061023
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2004-128581
                                                                A 20040423
                                            JP 2004-330464
                                                                   20041115
                                                                Α
                                            WO 2005-JP7609
                                                                W 20050421
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 143:446712
     Entered STN: 04 Nov 2005
AB
     It is intended to provide a corneal neuritogenesis promoter containing PACAP
     pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide), a PACAP derivative or a
     pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in particular, a corneal
     neuritogenesis promoter aiming at improving corneal perception, treating dry
     eye and treating corneal epithelial injury due to an effect of promoting
     corneal neuritogenesis. This corneal neuritogenesis promoter is useful as a
     drug for ameliorating reduction in corneal perception following corneal
     surgeries such as laser keratonomy (LASIK) and corneal grafting or cataract
     surgery, reduction in corneal perception accompanying corneal
     neurodegeneration and dry eye symptom and corneal epithelial injury
     accompanying such reduction in corneal perception. Moreover, it is useful as
     a drug for ameliorating dry eye symptom, reduction in corneal perception and
     corneal epithelial injury in patients with dry eye, and a drug for
     ameliorating corneal epithelial injury and dry eye symptom and reduction in
     corneal perception accompanying therewith. For example, a peptide PACAP-27
     was prepared, and examined for its effect on neuritogenesis in rabbits. Also,
     an eye drop containing PACAP-27 10 % was formulated.
IT
     700368-81-6P 700368-83-8P 700368-85-0P
     700368-87-2P 700368-90-7P 700368-96-3P
     735327-72-7P 868367-65-1P 868367-70-8P
     868367-71-9P 868367-72-0P 868367-73-1P
     868367-91-3P 868367-93-5P 868367-97-9P
     868368-02-9P 868368-03-0P 868368-04-1P
     868368-05-2P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (corneal neuritogenesis promoter containing PACAP and its derivative)
IT
     868579-85-5 868579-86-6 868579-89-9
     868579-90-2 868579-91-3 868579-92-4
     868579-94-6 868579-96-8 868579-97-9
     868579-98-0 868580-00-1 868580-01-2
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; corneal neuritogenesis promoter containing
        PACAP and its derivative)
```

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d ibib ed ab hitrn 12 2-4

REFERENCE COUNT:

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:957355 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:428007

TITLE:

Remedies for chronic lung disease containing VIP or

PACAP-derived peptides

INVENTOR(S):

Ogami, Masayoshi; Endo, Kosuke; Kashimoto, Kazuhisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ito Ham Foods, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 60 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

capane

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004315436	A	20041111	JP 2003-112096	20030416
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-112096	20030416

ED Entered STN: 11 Nov 2004

AB The invention relates to a remedy for chronic lung disease, eg.. chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and pulmonary emphysema, characterized by containing vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) or pituitary adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide (PACAP)-derived peptides. A peptide His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala- Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu-Asn-Gly-Lys-Arg-NH2 was prepared, and examined for its protective effect against tobacco extract-induced apoptosis of cultured L2 cells.

IT 700368-81-6P 700368-83-8P 700368-85-0P

700368-87-2P 700368-90-7P 735327-72-7P

791908-18-4P 791908-20-8P 791908-23-1P

791908-24-2P 791908-26-4P 791908-27-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(remedies for chronic lung disease containing VIP or PACAP-derived peptides)

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:651355 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:185093

TITLE:

PACAP and VIP peptide derivatives as antiinflammatory

agents

INVENTOR(S):

Yamada, Shizuo; Ogami, Masayoshi; Kashimoto, Kazuhisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ito Ham Foods, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 62 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

·: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004224775	A	20040812	JP 2003-17909	20030127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-17909	20030127

ED Entered STN: 13 Aug 2004

AB PACAP and VIP peptide derivs. (I) and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts in nasal drops, eyedrops, injections, and other topical prepns. are claimed as antiinflammatory agents for treatment of allergic asthma, bronchitis, conjunctivitis, autoimmune disease, atopic dermatitis etc. I were prepared,

their formulation examples were given, and their VIP receptor-binding affinity and antiinflammatory action were tested.

TT 700368-81-6P 700368-83-8P 700368-85-0P 700368-87-2P 700368-90-7P 700368-96-3P 735327-72-7P 735801-24-8P 735801-25-9P 735801-26-0P 735801-27-1P 735801-28-2P 735801-31-7P 735801-32-8P 735801-33-9P 735801-35-1P 735801-36-2P 736969-39-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(PACAP and VIP peptide derivs. as antiinflammatory and antiallergic agents)

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:467910 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:33832

TITLE:

Peptides and medicinal compositions containing the

same

INVENTOR(S):

Onoue, Satomi; Endo, Kousuke; Matsumoto, Asami

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Itoham Foods Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE						
	WO	2004	0484	01		A1.		2004	0610	,	WO 2	003-	 JP14.	924		2	0031	121	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DΖ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	
			NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	
			TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
		RW:	BW,	`GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	
			BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	
			ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	
			TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
	CA	2507	616			A1		2004	0610		CA 2	003-	2507	516		2	0031	121	
	ΑU	2003	2844	28		Al		2004	0618		AU 2	003-	2844	28		2	0031	121	
	ΕP	1571	155			A1		2005	0907		EP 2	003-	7758	59		2	0031	121	
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK		
	CN	1732	182			Α		2006	0208	1	CN 2	003-	8010	7764		2	0031	121	
	US	2006	2763	84		A1		2006	1207	1	US 2	005-	5368	30	•	20	050	527.	
PRIO	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							JP 2	002-3	3445	23	1	A 20	0021	127				
										1	WO 2	۱- 300	JP14:	924	1	W 20	0031	121	
מים	En+	have.	CULINI	. 1	Λ T		3.4												

ED Entered STN: 10 Jun 2004

Disclosed is a medicinal composition containing, as the active ingredient, a peptide derived from a PACAP peptide or a VIP peptide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Thus, a PACAP/VIP derivative the tautomerization of which in the state of a solution is inhibited and thus which can be clin. employed over a long period of time is provided. These peptides are efficacious in ameliorating symptoms of diseases such as regressive neurodegenerative diseases, erectile dysfunction and bronchial asthma. A peptide His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg- Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu-Asn-Gly-Arg-Arg-NH2 (I) was prepared,

and its stability in water with various pH was tested. An inhalant powder containing I with erythritol carrier was formulated.

IT 700368-81-6P 700368-83-8P 700368-85-0P

700368-87-2P 700368-90-7P 700368-96-3P

702686-37-1P 702686-38-2P 702686-42-8P

702686-49-5P 702686-52-0P 702686-53-1P

702686-55-3P 702686-56-4P 702686-57-5P

702686-58-6P 702686-59-7P 735327-72-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(peptides containing PACAP/VIP derivs. and medicinal compns.)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

≓>

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 15 Aug 2007 VOL 147 ISS 8 FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Aug 2007 (20070814/ED)

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L4 58 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU
L5 403 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU OR ENDO KOUSUKE/AU
L6 247 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU OR MATSUMOTO
ASAMI/AU
```

L10	11429 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON PROTEIN S	EQUENCES+PFT/CT (L)
	(MEDICIN? OR THERAP? C	R PHARMA?)	
L11	18112 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON PEPTIDES,	BIOLOGICAL STUDIES/CT
	(L) THU/RL		
L12	4827 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON PEPTIDES,	BIOLOGICAL STUDIES/CT
	(L) PAC/RL		
L13	4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON (L4 OR L5	OR L6) AND (L10 OR
	L11 OR L12)		

=> file medline; d que 117; d que 125 FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 17:10:47 ON 15 AUG 2007

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Aug 2007 (20070814/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L14	36	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ONOUE S/AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU
L15 L16			FILE=MEDLINE FILE=MEDLINE		PLU=ON PLU=ON	ENDO K/AU OR ENDO KOUSUKE/AU MATSUMOTO A/AU OR MATSUMOTO
			MI/AU			•
L17	0	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L14 AND L15 AND L16
	•					
L14	36	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ONOUE S/AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU
L15	1081	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ENDO K/AU OR ENDO KOUSUKE/AU
L16	869		FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	MATSUMOTO A/AU OR MATSUMOTO
		ASAI	UA\IM			
L20	9067		FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL
		PEP.	ride/cr			
L21	2070	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L20/MAJ (L) PD/CT
L22	14342	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS/CT
L23	5	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L14 OR L15 OR L16) AND L21
L24	1	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L14 OR L15 OR L16) AND L20
		AND	L22			•
L25	6	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L23 OR L24)

=> file biosis; d que 129; d que 131 FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:10:58 ON 15 AUG 2007 Copyright (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation

FILE COVERS 1926 TO DATE.
CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT
FROM JANUARY 1926 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 8 August 2007 (20070808/ED)

BIOSIS has been augmented with 1.8 million archival records from 1926 through 1968. These records have been re-indexed to match current BIOSIS indexing.

L26	42	SEA	FILE=BIOSIS	ABB≂ON	PLU=ON	ONOUE S/AU OR Of	NOUE SATOMI/AU
L27	813	SEA	FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ENDO K/AU OR ENI	OO KOSUKI/AU

L28		SEA FILE=BIOSIS ASAMI/AU	ABB=ON PL	U=ON MATSUMOTO	D A/AU OR MATSUMOTO
L29	2	SEA FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON PL	U=ON L26 AND 1	L27 AND L28
L26	42	SEA FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON PL	U=ON ONOUE S/	AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU
L27	813	SEA FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON PL	u=on endo k/ai	J OR ENDO KOSUKI/AU
L28	716	SEA FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON PL	U=ON MATSUMOTO	A/AU OR MATSUMOTO
		ASAMI/AU			
L30	953	SEA FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON PL	U=ON PEPTIDE/	TI AND DRUG DELIVERY
L31	3	SEA FILE=BIOSIS	ABB=ON PL	U=ON (L26 OR )	L27 OR L28) AND L30

=> s 129 or 131

L50 3 L29 OR L31

=> file embase; d que 149

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FILE COVERS 1974 TO 15 Aug 2007 (20070815/ED)

EMBASE is now updated daily. SDI frequency remains weekly (default) and biweekly.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L33	51	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ONOUE S/AU
L34	1139	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ENDO K/AU
L35	1018	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	MATSUMOTO A/AU
L36	3	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L33 AND L34 AND L35
L38	5489	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE
L39	34336	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM
L40	12	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L33 OR L34) AND L38
L41	7	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L33 OR L34) AND L39
L49	12	SEA	FILE=EMBASE	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L36 OR L40 OR L41) AND
		(ADE	NYLATE CYCLA	ASE ACTI	VATING	OR VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL OR VIP
		OR P	ACAP)			

=> file wpix; d que 146 FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 17:11:33 ON 15 AUG 2007 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 AUG 2007 <20070814/UP>
MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200752 <200752/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

- >>> Now containing more than 1 million chemical structures in DCR <<<
- >>> IPC Reform backfile reclassification has been loaded to 31 May
  2007. No update date (UP) has been created for the reclassified
  documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC and
  20061231/UPIC and 20060601/UPIC. <<<</pre>

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http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi r.html <<<

```
39 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU
L42
L43
         5312 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU
        2587 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU
1.44
            1 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L42 AND L43 AND L44
```

=> d que 148

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1.42
            39 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU
L43
          5312 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU
          2587 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU
L45
          7930 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON (L42 OR L43 OR L44)
          897 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ADENYLATE CYCLASE ACTIVATING OR
L47
               VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL OR VIP OR PACAP
L48
             5 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 AND L47
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=> s 146 or 148

L51 5 L46 OR L48

=> dup rem 125 113 150 149 151 FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 17:12:48 ON 15 AUG 2007

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L51

L52 20 DUP REM L25 L13 L50 L49 L51 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWERS '1-6' FROM FILE MEDLINE ANSWERS '7-10' FROM FILE CAPLUS ANSWERS '11-12' FROM FILE BIOSIS ANSWERS '13-18' FROM FILE EMBASE ANSWERS '19-20' FROM FILE WPIX

=> d ibib ed ab 152 1-18; d ibib ab abex 152 19-20

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006297910 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 16458931

TITLE: Development of dry powder inhalation system of novel

vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) analogue for pulmonary

administration.

AUTHOR: Ohmori Yuki; Onoue Satomi; Endo Kosuke;

Matsumoto Asami; Uchida Shinya; Yamada Shizuo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics and COE

Program in the 21st Century, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Shizuoka, 52-1 Yada, Shizuoka

422-8526, Japan.

SOURCE: Life sciences, (2006 Jun 6) Vol. 79, No. 2, pp. 138-43.

Electronic Publication: 2006-02-03.

Journal code: 0375521. ISSN: 0024-3205.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200607

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 27 May 2006

Last Updated on STN: 4 Jul 2006 Entered Medline: 3 Jul 2006

ED Entered STN: 27 May 2006

Last Updated on STN: 4 Jul 2006 Entered Medline: 3 Jul 2006

AB Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) exerts a relaxing action on tracheal smooth muscle which is mediated through interaction with VIP receptors. The deficiency of VIP in the airways has been implicated in the pathogenesis of asthma. Thus, the administration of VIP may be useful for the therapy of pulmonary diseases. However, the therapeutic application of VIP is largely limited by its rapid degradation in addition to the systemic adverse effects due to the wide distribution of VIP receptors. To overcome these problems, we succeeded to synthesize a novel VIP derivative of VIP, [R15, 20, 21, L17]-VIP-GRR (IK312532), and to prepare its dry powder for the topical administration to the lung. The physicochemical properties of dry powder were evaluated by laser diffraction and cascade impactor. The laser diffraction analysis indicated that the carrier and fine particles had median diameter of 65.6 and 4.5 microm, respectively, and the air flow at the pressure of 0.15 MPa or higher resulted in the high dispersion and significant separation of fine particle containing peptide from the carrier molecule. The cascade impactor analysis clearly showed the high emission of dry powder from capsule and the deposition of peptide on stages 3 of the cascade impactor. The intratracheal administration of dry powder inhaler (DPI) of VIP or IK312532 brought about a significant decrease of maximal number of binding sites (Bmax) for [1251]VIP in anterior and posterior lobes of rat right lung, suggesting a significant occupancy of lung VIP receptors. This effect by IK312532-DPI compared with VIP-DPI lasted for a longer period. Thus, IK312532-DPI may be a pharmacologically useful drug delivery system for the VIP therapy of pulmonary diseases such as asthma.

L52 ANSWER 2 OF 20 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004200126 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15096214

TITLE: Vasoactive intestinal peptide and pituitary adenylate

cyclase-activating polypeptide attenuate the cigarette smoke extract-induced apoptotic death of rat alveolar L2

cells.

AUTHOR: Onoue Satomi; Ohmori Yuki; Endo Kosuke; Yamada

Shizuo; Kimura Ryohei; Yajima Takehiko

CORPORATE SOURCE: Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc., Moriya,

Ibaraki, Japan.. onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE: European journal of biochemistry / FEBS, (2004 May) Vol.

271, No. 9, pp. 1757-67.

Journal code: 0107600. ISSN: 0014-2956. Germany: Germany, Federal Republic of Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

PUB. COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200405

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 21 Apr 2004

Last Updated on STN: 28 May 2004 Entered Medline: 27 May 2004

ED Entered STN: 21 Apr 2004

Last Updated on STN: 28 May 2004 Entered Medline: 27 May 2004

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease is a major clinical disorder usually ABassociated with cigarette smoking. A central feature of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease is inflammation coexisting with an abnormal protease/antiprotease balance, leading to apoptosis and elastolysis. vitro study of rat lung alveolar L2 cells, cigarette smoke extract (CSE) induced apoptotic cell death. Exposure of L2 cells to CSE at a concentration of 0.25% resulted in a 50% increase of caspase-3 and matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) activities. Specific inhibitors for caspases and MMPs attenuated the cytotoxicity of CSE. RT-PCR amplification identified VPAC2 receptors in L2 cells. A radioligand-binding assay with (125)I-labeled vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) found high affinity and saturable (125)I-labeled VIP-binding sites in L2 cells. VIP and pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP27) were approximately equipotent for both VIP receptor binding and stimulation of cAMP production in L2 cells. Both neuropeptides, at concentrations higher than 10(-13) m, produced a concentration-dependent inhibition of CSE-induced cell death in L2 cells. VIP, at 10(-7) m, reduced CSE-stimulated MMP activity and caspase-3 activation. The present study has shown that VIP and PACAP27 significantly attenuate the cytotoxicity of CSE through the activation of VPAC2 receptor, and the protective effect of VIP may partly be the result of a reduction in the CSE-induced stimulation of MMPs and caspases.

L52 ANSWER 3 OF 20 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004056378 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 14757155

TITLE: Alpha-helical structure in the C-terminus of vasoactive

intestinal peptide: functional and structural consequences.

AUTHOR: Onoue Satomi; Matsumoto Asami; Nagano

Yumiko; Ohshima Keiichi; Ohmori Yuki; Yamada Shizuo; Kimura

Ryohei; Yajima Takehiko; Kashimoto Kazuhisa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc., 1-2-1

Kubogaoka, Moriya, Ibaraki 302-0104, Japan..

onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE: European journal of pharmacology, (2004 Feb 6) Vol. 485,

No. 1-3, pp. 307-16.

Journal code: 1254354. ISSN: 0014-2999.

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands DOCUMENT TYPE: (IN VITRO)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

(RESEARCH SUPPORT, NON-U.S. GOV'T)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200410

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 4 Feb 2004

Last Updated on STN: 6 Oct 2004 Entered Medline: 5 Oct 2004

ED Entered STN: 4 Feb 2004

> Last Updated on STN: 6 Oct 2004 Entered Medline: 5 Oct 2004

AB The conformational properties of vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) include the N-terminal randomized structure and the C-terminal long alpha-helical structure. We have previously observed that the N-terminal random coil structure plays a crucial role in the receptor-selectivity. Here, to clarify how the formation of the alpha-helix plays a role in its biological functions, we chemically synthesized VIP analogues modified at the C-terminus, mid-chain, and N-terminus of the alpha-helical region, and evaluated the relationship between their alpha-helical contents and their biological activities including relaxant effects on murine stomach and receptor-binding activities. VIP and VIP-(1-27) showed equipotent biological activities with 48% and 50% alphahelical content, respectively, each of which corresponds to 14 amino acid residues. VIP-(1-26) was 10% and threefold less potent in relaxant and binding activities, respectively, compared with VIP, and its 49% alpha-helical content resulted in 13 residues involved in the alpha-helix. Further truncation from 25 to 21 resulted in decrease in the alpha-helical content from 43% to 29%, corresponding residues from 11 to 6, the relaxant activity from 72% to 4%, and the affinity to the membrane from 60-fold to over 10(4)-fold less potency. In addition, disruption of the mid-chain and the N-terminus in the alpha-helical stretch by oxidation of Met(17) and deletion of Thr(11) also inhibited biological activities. These findings suggest that the presence of alphahelical structure forming in 14 amino acid residues between position 10 and 23 in VIP is essential to its biological functions and the C-terminal amino acid residues between position 24 and 27 are requisite for this alpha-helical formation.

L52 ANSWER 4 OF 20 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004548765 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

PubMed ID: 15518913

Pharmacological effects and lung-binding characteristics of

a novel VIP analogue, [R15, 20, 21, L17]-VIP-GRR

(IK312532).

AUTHOR:

Ohmori Yuki; Maruyama Shuji; Kimura Ryohei; Onoue

Satomi; Matsumoto Asami; Endo Kosuke;

Iwanaga Toshihiko; Kashimoto Kazuhisa; Yamada Shizuo

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Biopharmaceutical Sciences and COE Program in

the 21st Century, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Shizuoka, 52-1 Yada, Shizuoka 422-8526,

Japan.

SOURCE:

Regulatory peptides, (2004 Dec 15) Vol. 123, No. 1-3, pp.

201-7.

Journal code: 8100479. ISSN: 0167-0115.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: (IN VITRO)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200503

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 3 Nov 2004

Last Updated on STN: 1 Apr 2005 Entered Medline: 31 Mar 2005

ED Entered STN: 3 Nov 2004

> Last Updated on STN: 1 Apr 2005 Entered Medline: 31 Mar 2005

A novel VIP derivative, [R15, 20, 21, L17]-VIP-GRR (IK312532), relaxed AB potently the carbachol-induced contraction of guinea-pig isolated trachea with longer duration than that induced by VIP. IK312532 competed with [1251] VIP for the binding sites in the rat lung in a concentration- dependent manner. There was considerable decrease in specific [1251] VIP binding in each lobe of right and left lung 0.5 h after the intratracheal administration of IK312532 (50 microg/rat) as dry powder inhaler (DPI). Rosenthal analysis revealed that the administration of IK312532 (50 and 100 microg/rat)-DPI brought about a significant decrease of maximal number of binding sites (Bmax) for specific [1251] VIP binding in anterior and posterior lobes of rat right lung, suggesting a significant occupancy of lung VIP receptors. This effect by IK312532 in the posterior lobe of the right lung was dose-dependent and lasted until at least 2 h after the intratracheal administration. Furthermore, the antigen-evoked infiltration of granulocytes in the rat bronchiolar mucosa was markedly suppressed by the intratracheal administration of IK312532 (50 microg/rat)-DPI. In conclusion, the present study has shown that IK312532 exhibits long-lasting relaxation of tracheal smooth muscles and that the intratracheal administration of this peptide exerts a significant occupancy of lung VIP receptors as well as a suppression of the antigen-evoked infiltration of granulocytes in the bronchiolar mucosa. Thus, the formulation of IK312532 as DPI may be a pharmacologically useful drug delivery system for the therapy of pulmonary diseases such as asthma.

L52 ANSWER 5 OF 20 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004548764 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15518912

TITLE: Long-acting analogue of vasoactive intestinal peptide,

[R15, 20, 21, L17]-VIP-GRR (IK312532), protects rat

alveolar L2 cells from the cytotoxicity of cigarette smoke.

AUTHOR: Onoue Satomi; Endo Kosuke; Ohmori Yuki; Yamada

Shizuo; Kimura Ryohei; Yajima Takehiko; Kashimoto Kazuhisa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc., 1-2-1

Kubogaoka, Moriya, Ibaraki 302-0104, Japan..

onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE: Regulatory peptides, (2004 Dec 15) Vol. 123, No. 1-3, pp.

193-9.

Journal code: 8100479. ISSN: 0167-0115.

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200503

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 3 Nov 2004

Last Updated on STN: 1 Apr 2005 Entered Medline: 31 Mar 2005

ED Entered STN: 3 Nov 2004

Last Updated on STN: 1 Apr 2005 Entered Medline: 31 Mar 2005

Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) and pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP) act as neurotransmitters in numerous biological responses. We previously reported that the replacement of Lys by Arg, and Met by Leu in VIP (IK312532; [Arg15, 20, 21, Leu17]-VIP) resulted in a significant improvement in metabolic stability and biological activity. In the present study, we investigated the effect of VIP and its related peptides including long-acting VIP derivative (IK312532) and PACAP27 on the cytotoxicity of cigarette smoke extract (CSE), a causative factor of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), in rat alveolar L2 cells. RT-PCR displayed the dominant expression of mRNA for the VIP-specific VPAC2 receptor in L2 cells, and VIP and the related peptides showed the specific binding activity and

potent stimulation of adenylate cyclase. CSE at a concentration of 0.1% or higher induced significant apoptotic death of L2 cells. Interestingly, the addition of neuropeptides at a concentration of 10(-11) M or higher in L2 cells with CSE (0.25%) resulted in significant attenuation of cell death with the deactivation of CSE-evoked caspase-3 activity. IK312532 was much stable against the enzymatic digestion compared to VIP, and the protective effect of IK312532 was 1.6-fold higher than that of VIP. Taken together with our previous report showing that IK312532 has long-acting relaxant activity in the lung, IK312532 may be a potential candidate for drug treatment of asthma and COPD.

L52 ANSWER 6 OF 20 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002389776 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12137965

TITLE: Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide and

vasoactive intestinal peptide attenuate glutamate-induced

nNOS activation and cytotoxicity.

AUTHOR: Onoue Satomi; Endo Kosuke; Yajima Takehiko;

Kashimoto Kazuhisa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc., Ibaraki

302-0104, Moriya, Japan.

SOURCE: Regulatory peptides, (2002 Jul 15) Vol. 107, No. 1-3, pp.

43-7.

Journal code: 8100479. ISSN: 0167-0115.

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200302

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 25 Jul 2002

Last Updated on STN: 14 Feb 2003 Entered Medline: 13 Feb 2003

ED Entered STN: 25 Jul 2002

Last Updated on STN: 14 Feb 2003 Entered Medline: 13 Feb 2003

AB Both vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) and pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP) act as neurotransmitters in the central and peripheral nervous systems. Attention has been focused on these neuropeptides because among their numerous biological activities, they have been confirmed to show neuroprotective effects against ischemia and glutamate-induced cytotoxicity. It is well established that glutamate has excitatory effects on neuronal cells, and that excessive glutamate shows potent neurotoxicity, especially in neuronal nitric oxide synthase-containing neurons. Glutamate stimulates the production of nitric oxide (NO) in neurons, and the NO generated is tightly associated with the delayed death of neurons. We examined the effects of these neuropeptides on the glutamate-induced neural actions using PC12 cells, and we confirmed the important activities of PACAP/VIP on the production of NO as well as the delayed cell death stimulated by glutamate.

L52 ANSWER 7 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:467910 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:33832

TITLE: Peptides and medicinal compositions containing the

same

INVENTOR(S): Onoue, Satomi; Endo, Kousuke;

Matsumoto, Asami

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Itoham Foods Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

TITO 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

I	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE							
- V	WO 20	040	4840	01		A1										2	0031	121	
	W	:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CƯ,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
	•		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	
			NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	
			TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	ÜĠ,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
	R	W:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	
			BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	
			ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	
			TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
C	CA 25	076	1.6			A1		2004	0610	(	CA 2	003-	2507	616		2	0031	121	
I	AU 20	032	8442	28		A1		2004	0618		AU 2	003-	2844	28		2	0031	121	
F	EP 15	711	.55			A1		2005	0907	]	EP 2	003-	7758	59		2	0031	121	
	R	:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK		
	CN 17	321	.82			Α		2006	0208	(	CN 2	003-	8010	7764		2	0031	121	
Ţ	JS 20	062	7638	34						1	US 2	005-	5368	80		2	0050	527	
PRIOR	A YTI	PPL	.N.	INFO	.:			•			JP 2	002-	3445	23	i	A 2	0021	127	
										1	WO 2	003-	JP14	924	1	₩ 2	0031	121	

ED Entered STN: 10 Jun 2004

Disclosed is a medicinal composition containing, as the active ingredient, a peptide derived from a PACAP peptide or a VIP peptide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Thus, a PACAP/VIP derivative the tautomerization of which in the state of a solution is inhibited and thus which can be clin. employed over a long period of time is provided. These peptides are efficacious in ameliorating symptoms of diseases such as regressive neurodegenerative diseases, erectile dysfunction and bronchial asthma. A peptide His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu-Asn-Gly-Arg-Arg-NH2 (I) was prepared, and its stability in water with various pH was tested. An inhalant powder containing I with erythritol carrier was formulated.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 8 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:376664 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:374204

TITLE:

Remedies for dry eye and diseases associated with dry

eye containing specified peptides

INVENTOR(S):

Minagawa, Yoko; Fujii, Atsuko; Yoshida, Yukuo;

Onoue, Satomi; Kashimoto, Kazuhisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Senju Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Itoham Foods

Inc.

18

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
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                                           _____
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                                                                 _____
     WO 2003039577
                         A1
                               20030515
                                          WO 2002-JP11490
                                                                 20021105
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
            LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL,
            PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
            UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
            CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
            PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
            NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 2002343861
                         Al
                               20030519
                                           AU 2002-343861
                                                                  20021105
    EP 1462112
                         A1
                               20040929
                                           EP 2002-775494
                                                                  20021105
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
     CN 1612748
                         Α
                               20050504
                                         CN 2002-826827
                                                                  20021105
     US 2004259796
                         A1
                               20041223
                                           US 2004-494634
                                                                  20040527
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           JP 2001-340355
                                                              A 20011106
                                           WO 2002-JP11490
                                                              W 20021105
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:374204

ED Entered STN: 16 May 2003

Disclosed are remedies for dry eye and diseases associated with dry eye which contain as the active ingredient peptides represented by the following general formula H-His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg- X1-Gln-X2-Ala-Val-X3-X4-Tyr-Leu-X5-X6 wherein X1, X3 and X4 represent each Lys or Arg; X2represents Met, Leu or nLeu; X5 represents a chemical bond, Asn, Asn-Ser, Asn-Ser-Ile, Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu or Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu-Asn-X7 (wherein X7 represents a chemical bond, Gly, etc.); and X6 represents -OH or -NH2, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. A peptide His-Ser-Asp-Ala-Val-Phe-Thr-Asp-Asn-Tyr-Thr-Arg-Leu-Arg-Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala- Val-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Leu-Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu-Asn-Gly-Arg-Arg (I) was prepared, and its effect on tear secretion promotion in rabbit was examined An eye drop containing the peptide I 2, NaCl 0.9, boric acid 0.1, borax q.s. to pH 7.8, benzalkonium chloride 0.005, sodium edetate 0.02 g, and water balance to 100 mL was also formulated.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:428689 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:406898

TITLE:

Powdery compositions and process for producing the

same

INVENTOR(S):

Onoue, Satomi; Endo, Kousuke;

Kashimoto, Kazuhisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Itoham Foods Inc., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DA	ATE AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002043703	A1 20	0020606 WO	2001-JP10445	20011129
W: AU, CA, CN,	IN, KR, U	JS		
RW: AT, BE, CH,	CY, DE, D	OK, ES, FI, F	R, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL,

PT, SE, TR

JP	2002284703				A	2002	1003	JP	2001-	8833	7		2	20010	326
CA	2430318				A1	2002	0606	CA	2001-	2430	318		2	20011	129
ΔÜ	200218503				Α	2002	0611	AU	2002-	18503	3		2	20011	129
JP	2003034652				Α	2003	0207	JP	2001-	36432	25		2	20011	129
EP	1348428				A1	2003	1001	EP 2001-998330				20011129			
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES,	FR,	GB, GH	R, IT,	LI,	LU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	FI,	CY,	TR										
US	US 2004109827					2004	0610	US	2003-	4323	52		2	20030	529
IN	2003CN01013				Α	2005	0422	IN	IN 2003-CN1013			20030626			
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :				JP	2000-	36270	04		A 2	20001	129
								JP	2001-	8833	7		A 2	20010	326
								JP	2001-	36432	25		A 2	20011	129
								WO	2001-	JP104	445	1	W 2	20011	129

ED Entered STN: 07 Jun 2002

AB Disclosed are powdery compns. obtained by mixing fine particles containing a powdery drug and a filler and having an average particle size of  $\leq$  20  $\mu$ m with a carrier having an aerodynamically acceptable particle size. These prepns. can be easily handled in manufacturing and sustain a constant drug content due to the improved dispersibility. A powder composition containing glucagon, erythritol, and lactose was prepared, and evaluated as a dry powder inhalant.

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 10 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:692586 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:265127

TITLE: Interaction of antithrombin III-binding domain in

heparins with novel heparin binding peptides

AUTHOR(S): Onoue, Satomi; Nemoto, Yoshitaka; Mizumoto,

Takahiro; Harada, Sunao; Yajima, Takehiko; Kashimoto,

Kazuhisa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Health Science Division, ITOHAM FOODS INC, Moriya,

Ibaraki, 302-0104, Japan

SOURCE: Peptides: The Wave of the Future, Proceedings of the

Second International and the Seventeenth American Peptide Symposium, San Diego, CA, United States, June 9-14, 2001 (2001), 778-779. Editor(s): Lebl, Michal; Houghten, Richard A. American Peptide Society: San

Diego, Calif.

CODEN: 69DBAL; ISBN: 0-9715560-0-8

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 13 Sep 2002

AB The structure-activity relation of synthetic heparin binding peptides (HBPs) was elucidated. Heparin showed a strong inhibition of factor Xa in the blood coagulation cascade, and the addition of HBPs gave a significant protection of factor Xa activity. This indicates that HBPs have an inhibitory effect on heparin binding to antithrombin III. HBPs without antithrombin III exhibited no effect on factor Xa activity. A new analog of HBP-4 having strong inhibitory effects on the anti-factor Xa activity of heparins and high binding potency to heparins was obtained.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 11 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:433739 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300433739

TITLE: Pharmacological usefulness of dry powder inhaler of a novel

vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) analogue as

anti-asthma agent.

AUTHOR(S): Ohmori, Y. [Reprint Author]; Yamada, S. [Reprint Author];

Kimura, R. [Reprint Author]; Onoue, S.;
Matsumoto, A.; Endo, K.; Iwanaga, T.;

Kashimoto, K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Pharm. Sci. and COE21, Univ. of Shizuoka, Shizuoka,

Japan

SOURCE: Regulatory Peptides, (15 August 2003) Vol. 115, No. 1, pp.

52. print.

Meeting Info.: 6th International Symposium on VIP, PACAP and Related Peptides. Hakone, Japan. September 01-04, 2003.

ISSN: 0167-0115 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 17 Sep 2003

Last Updated on STN: 17 Sep 2003

ED Entered STN: 17 Sep 2003

Last Updated on STN: 17 Sep 2003

L52 ANSWER 12 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on

STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:557424 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PREV200200557424

TITLE:

Development of a new derivative of vasoactive intestinal

peptide and its novel administration system, dry

powder inhalation.

AUTHOR(S): Endo, K. [Reprint author]; Onoue, S.

[Reprint author]; Amikawa, S. [Reprint author]; Matsumoto, A. [Reprint author]; Waki, Y. [Reprint

author]; Yamanaka, M. [Reprint author]; Kondo, M. [Reprint

author]; Hamanaka, K. [Reprint author]; Suitani, Y.
[Reprint author]; Kashimoto, K. [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Health Science Div., Itoham Food Inc., 1-2-1 Kubogaoka,

Moriya, Ibaraki, 302-0104, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Peptide Science, (2002) Vol. 8, No. Supplement,

pp. S214. print.

Meeting Info.: 27th European Peptide Symposium. Sorrento,

Italy. August 31-September 06, 2002.

ISSN: 1075-2617.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

Conference; (Meeting Poster)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 30 Oct 2002

Last Updated on STN: 30 Oct 2002

ED Entered STN: 30 Oct 2002

Last Updated on STN: 30 Oct 2002

L52 ANSWER 13 OF 20 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 200402

2004027862 EMBASE Full-text

TITLE:

Structure-activity relationship of synthetic truncated

analogues of vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP): An enhancement in the activity by a substitution with arginine.

AUTHOR: Onoue S.; Ohmori Y.; Matsumoto A.; Yamada S.;

Kimura R.; Yajima T.; Kashimoto K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: S. Yamada, Sch. Pharmaceutical Sci. and COE21, University

of Shizuoka, 52-1 Yada, Shizuoka 422-8526, Japan.

yamada@ys7.u-shizuoka-ken.ac.jp

SOURCE:

Life Sciences, (6 Feb 2004) Vol. 74, No. 12, pp. 1465-1477.

Refs: 41

ISSN: 0024-3205 CODEN: LIFSAK

COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article FILE SEGMENT: 030 Pharmacology

037

United States

Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 29 Jan 2004

Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 2004

ED Entered STN: 29 Jan 2004

Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 2004

AB In order to develop potent shortened analogues of vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP), the structure-activity relationship of C-terminally truncated analogues of VIP was investigated by examining the binding activity to rat lung VIP receptors and relaxation of smooth muscle in isolated mouse stomach. VIP(1-27) showed VIP receptor binding activity comparable to that of VIP but the activity of VIP(1-26) was reduced to one-third of VIP. The receptor binding activity of VIP(1-26) to VIP(1-23) was reduced in proportion to the decrease in amino acid residues. There was a significant correlation between the number of amino acid residues and VIP receptor binding activities of VIP and its C-terminally truncated analogues. VIP(1-22) and VIP (1-21) exhibited little binding activity even at high concentrations, suggesting the requisite of 23 amino acid residues as the minimal essential sequence for the conservation of VIP receptor binding activity. The chemical modification of VIP(1-23) generated a potent analogue, [Arg(15, 20, 21), Leu(17)]-VIP(1-23), that displayed a 22-fold higher receptor binding activity and 1.6-fold more potent relaxation of mouse stomach than VIP(1-23) did. In conclusion, it was shown that [Arg(15, 20, 21), Leu(17)]-VIP (1-23) could be a relatively potent and stable agonist of VIP receptors. The present study has provided further insight into the structure-activity relationship of VIP to generate novel shortened VIP analogues having a high affinity to VIP receptors and potent pharmacological activity. .COPYRGT. 2003 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

L52 ANSWER 14 OF 20 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002381412 EMBASE Full-text

TITLE:

AUTHOR:

The neuropeptide PACAP attenuates  $\beta$ -amyloid

(1-42)-induced toxicity in PC12 cells. Onoue S.; Endo K.; Ohshima K.; Yajima

T.; Kashimoto K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

S. Onoue, Health Science Division, Central Res. Inst. Itoham Foods Inc., 1-2-1 Kubogaoka, Moriya, Ibaraki

302-0104, Japan. onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE:

Peptides, (2002) Vol. 23, No. 8, pp. 1471-1478. .

Refs: 46

ISSN: 0196-9781 CODEN: PEPTDO

PUBLISHER IDENT .:

S 0196-9781(02)00085-2

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

800 Neurology and Neurosurgery

030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 14 Nov 2002

Last Updated on STN: 14 Nov 2002

ED Entered STN: 14 Nov 2002

Last Updated on STN: 14 Nov 2002

AB Pituitary adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide (PACAP) modulates neurotransmission in the central and peripheral nervous systems. In vitro and in vivo studies have shown the protective effects of PACAP against neuronal damage induced by ischemia and agonists of NMDA-type glutamate receptors. Here, we demonstrated that PACAP also protected against neuronal toxicity induced by  $\beta$ -amyloid (A $\beta$ ) peptide, aggregation of which is a causative factor for Alzheimer's disease. PACAP (10(-9)M) rescued 80% of decreased cell viability and 50% of elevated caspase-3 activity that resulted from exposure of PC12 cells to  $A\beta$ . PACAP was at least 10(4)-fold more effective than other neuropeptides including vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) and humanin, which correlated with the level of cAMP accumulation. Thus, our results suggested that PACAP attenuates A\$\beta\$-induced cell death in PC12 cells through an increase in cAMP and that caspase-3 deactivation by PACAP is involved in the signaling pathway for this neuroprotection. . COPYRGT. 2002 Elsevier Science Inc. All rights reserved.

L52 ANSWER 15 OF 20 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002200577 EMBASE Full-text

TITLE: Pituitary adenylate cyclase

activating polypeptide regulates the basal production of nitric oxide in PC12 cells.

AUTHOR: Onoue S.; Endo K.; Yajima T.; Kashimoto

Κ.

CORPORATE SOURCE: S. Onoue, Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc., 1-2

Kubogaoka, Moriya, Ibaraki 302-0104, Japan.

onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE: Life Sciences, (31 May 2002) Vol. 71, No. 2, pp. 205-214.

Refs: 40

ISSN: 0024-3205 CODEN: LIFSAK

PUBLISHER IDENT.: S 0024-3205(02)01639-9

COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 029 Clinical Biochemistry
037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20 Jun 2002

Last Updated on STN: 20 Jun 2002

ED Entered STN: 20 Jun 2002

Last Updated on STN: 20 Jun 2002

AB Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP ) and pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP), two members of the VIP /secretin/glucagon family, modulate neurotransmission via stimulation of protein kinases including cAMP-dependent protein kinase (PKA) and protein kinase C (PKC) in the central and peripheral nervous systems. They are reported to co-exist with nitric oxide synthases (NOSs) and other neuropeptides within the nervous system and peripheral tissues. In the present study, we investigated the neuronal role of these peptides in NO production in PC12 cells. We showed that PACAP decreased NO production in a dose-dependent manner, and the activators of protein kinase A and C also inhibited the NO production in PC12 cells. RT-PCR experiments demonstrated that PC12 cells constitutively express the mRNAs for neuronal NOS and the PACAP-specific (PAC1) receptor, and we concluded that PACAP plays an important role in the regulation of nNOS

10/536,880 41:

activity through PAC1 receptor in PC12 cells. .COPYRGT. 2002 Elsevier Science Inc. All rights reserved.

L52 ANSWER 16 OF 20 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003013902 EMBASE Full-text

TITLE: Differences in biological activity between PACAP27 and

VIP in PC12 cells depend on their N-terminal

structures.

AUTHOR: Onoue S.; Nagano Y.; Endo K.; Yajima

T.; Kashimoto K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: S. Onoue, Health Science Division, Itohan Foods Inc., 1-2-1

Moriya, Ibaraki 302-0104, Japan. onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE: Pharmacology Reviews and Communications, (2002) Vol. 12,

No. 4, pp. 205-213. .

Refs: 19

ISSN: 1028-8945 CODEN: PHRCF6

COUNTRY: United Kingdom DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article FILE SEGMENT:

Pharmacology 030

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 29 Jan 2003

Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 2003

ED Entered STN: 29 Jan 2003

Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 2003

AB The functions of pituitary adenylate cyclase- activating polypeptide (PACAP) and vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) are thought to be exerted through the activation of three types of PACAP/ VIP receptors: PAC1, VPAC1 and VPAC2 receptors. In neuronal tissues, these neuropeptides bind specifically to the PACAP -specific (PAC1) receptor and stimulate cAMP accumulation, and PACAP is approximately 10(3)-fold more potent than VIP in these activities mediated through PAC1 receptor. In this study, we prepared a series of chimeric peptides in which the N-terminal residues of PACAP27/VIP replaced each other. We investigated the effects of these chimeric peptides on the activities of adenylate cyclase and nitric oxide synthase in neuron-like PC12 cells. Nterminal substitution between PACAP27 and VIP significantly affected the biological activity, whereas it showed no significant effect on the C-terminal  $\alpha$ -helical structure of PACAP27/VIP. These results suggested that the random N-terminal structures in PACAP27/VIP play important roles in their activities and receptor specificity.

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ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002239396 EMBASE Full-text

TITLE:

PACAP protects neuronal PC12 cells from the

cytotoxicity of human prion protein fragment 106-126.

AUTHOR:

Onoue S.; Ohshima K.; Endo K.; Yajima

T.; Kashimoto K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

S. Onoue, Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc., Moriya, Ibaraki 302-0104, Japan. onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE:

FEBS Letters, (3 Jul 2002) Vol. 522, No. 1-3, pp. 65-70. .

Refs: 27

ISSN: 0014-5793 CODEN: FEBLAL

PUBLISHER IDENT.:

S 0014-5793(02)02886-7

COUNTRY:

Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

030

Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 18 Jul 2002

Last Updated on STN: 18 Jul 2002

ED Entered STN: 18 Jul 2002

Last Updated on STN: 18 Jul 2002

ABMisfolding of the prion protein yields amyloidogenic isoforms, and it shows exacerbating neuronal damage in neurodegenerative disorders including prion diseases. Pituitary adenylate cyclase -activating polypeptide (PACAP) and vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) potently stimulate neuritogenesis and survival of neuronal cells in the central nervous system. Here, we tested these neuropeptides on neurotoxicity in PC12 cells induced by the prion protein fragment 106-126 [PrP (106-126)]. Concomitant application of neuropeptide with PrP(106-126) (5x10(-5) M) inhibited the delayed death of neuron-like PC12 cells. In particular, PACAP27 inhibited the neurotoxicity of PrP(106-126) at low concentrations (>10(-15) M), characterized by the deactivation of PrP(106-126)-stimulated caspase-3. The neuroprotective effect of PACAP27 was antagonized by the selective PKA inhibitor, H89, or the MAP kinase inhibitor, U0126. These results suggest that PACAP27 attenuates PrP(106-126) - induced delayed neurotoxicity in PC12 cells by activating both PKA and MAP kinases mediated by PAC1 receptor. .COPYRGT. 2002 Federation of European Biochemical Societies. Published by Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

L52 ANSWER 18 OF 20 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005542699 EMBASE

Full-text

TITLE:

Vasoactive intestinal peptide

regulates catecholamine secretion in rat PC12 cells through

the pituitary adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide receptor.

AUTHOR:

Onoue S.; Waki Y.; Hamanaka K.; Yajima T.;

Kashimoto K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dr. S. Onoue, Health Science Division, Itoham Foods Inc.,

1-2 Kubogaoka, Moriya, Ibaraki 302-0104, Japan.

onoue@fureai.or.jp

SOURCE:

Biomedical Research, (2001) Vol. 22, No. 2, pp. 77-82. .

Refs: 23

ISSN: 0388-6107 CODEN: BRESD5

COUNTRY:

Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

0.03 Endocrinology

800

Neurology and Neurosurgery

Clinical Biochemistry

022 029

Human Genetics

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 15 Dec 2005

Last Updated on STN: 15 Dec 2005

ED Entered STN: 15 Dec 2005

Last Updated on STN: 15 Dec 2005

AB Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP ), pituitary adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide (PACAP) and glucagon are members of the same family of regulatory peptides, and stimulate catecholamine release by the cAMP-mediated signaling pathway. Most members of this peptide family modulate the expression of the tyrosine hydroxylase gene through multiple adenylate cyclase-coupled receptors. In this investigation, we examined whether these peptides exerted

their effects through their specific receptors in rat pheochromocytoma cells (PC12 cells). The RT-PCR experiments clearly showed the existence of the PACAP-specific (PAC1) receptor, but amplified mRNA for either of the two VIP receptor was not detected. PACAP (6-38), a potent PAC1 receptor antagonist, at a concentration of 2 x 10(-5) M reduced the effects of VIP (10(-6) M) as well as those of PACAP (10(-6) M) on catecholamine secretion from PC12 cells, but had no significant effect on the effects of glucagon (10(-6) M). Therefore, we suppose that VIP acts as a neurotransmitter through a PACAP preferring receptor in PC12 cells.

L52 ANSWER 19 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-734675 [75] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2005-224108 [75]

TITLE:

Corneal neuritogenesis promoters containing PACAP

and its derivatives, for producing drugs to treat dry eye

syndrome, reduction in corneal perception and corneal

epithelia injury

DERWENT CLASS:

B04; D16

INVENTOR:

AZUMA M; INOUE Y; NAKAMURA Y; ONOUE S; TAKAYAMA

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

(ITOH-N) ITOHAM FOODS INC; (SENP-C) SENJU PHARM CO LTD

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG MAIN IPC

WO 2005102375 A1 20051103 (200575)\* JA 65[11]

EP 1752158 A1 20070214 (200715) EN

109

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE

WO 2005102375 A1 WO 2005-JP7609 20050421 EP 1752158 A1 EP 2005-734734 20050421

WO 2005-JP7609 20050421 EP 1752158 A1

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO

EP 1752158 A1 Based on WO 2005102375 A

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2004-330464 20041115

JP 2004-128581 20040423

AB WO 2005102375 A1 UPAB: 20060125

> NOVELTY - Corneal neuritogenesis promoters, corneal perception promoters, drugs for dry eye and drugs for corneal epithelia injury contain PACAP (pituitary adenylate cyclase- activating polypeptide), its derivatives or their salts, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

(1) the use of PACAP, its derivatives and their salts for producing corneal neuritogenesis promoters, corneal perception promoters, drugs for dry eye and drugs for corneal epithelia injury; and

(2) promoting corneal neuritogenesis, for promoting corneal perception, and for treating dry eye and corneal epithelia injury by administering an effective dose of PACAP, its derivatives and their pharmaceutically-acceptable salts to patients needing such treatment.

ACTIVITY - Ophthalmological.

No biological data is given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given in source material.

USE - The drugs based on PACAP and its derivatives are for promoting corneal neuritogenesis, and for treating dry eye syndrome, reduction in corneal perception and corneal epithelia injury (all claimed).

ABEX DEFINITIONS - Preferred definitions: In (I): - X1 = Ile; - X2 = Asp - X3 = Ser; - X4 = Ser; - X5 = Tyr; - X6, X8, X9 = Arg; - X7 = Leu; - X10 = Val; and - X11 = Leu-Gly-Arg-Arg.

ADMINISTRATION - Administration is oral or non-oral, e.g. in the form of eye drops.

EXAMPLE - Peptides were prepared by using solid-phase synthesis, and then biological studied were carried out, e.g. with effect on promoting neuritogenesis, in which trigeminal nerve cells from white rabbits were tested as described by Chan et al. (Exp. Eye Res., 1985, Vol. 41, p. 687). Tablets were formulated from e.g. peptide (17; 10 mg), lactose (80 mg), starch (17 mg), magnesium stearate (3 mg) and crystalline cellulose (10 mg).

L52 ANSWER 20 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004-789952 [78] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2004-276234 [78]

TITLE:

Therapeutic agent for chronic lung disease such as

chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, comprises

vasoactive intestinal peptide (
VIP) or pituitary gland adenylate

cyclase activating peptide (

PACAP) derivatives

DERWENT CLASS:

B04

INVENTOR:

ENDO K; KASHIMOTO K; ONOE M

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

(ITOH-N) ITO HAM KK

COUNTRY COUNT:

1.

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG MAIN IPC

JP 2004315436 A 20041111 (200478)\* JA 60[10]

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE

JP 2004315436 A JP 2003-112096 20030416

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2003-112096 20030416

AB JP 2004315436 A UPAB: 20050707

NOVELTY - A therapeutic agent (I) against chronic lung disease, comprises vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) or pituitary-gland adenylate-cyclase activating peptide (PACAP) derivatives or its pharmacologically acceptable salt, where the alpha position carboxyl group of C terminal amino acid of the peptide derivative is either modified with NH2 or unmodified.

45

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A therapeutic agent (I) against chronic lung disease, comprises a peptide (P1) or its pharmacologically acceptable salt, where (P1) has a sequence corresponding to 23 residues from N terminal of a sequence:

His-Ser-Asp-A-B-Phe-Thr-C-D-Tyr-E-Arg-F-Arg-G-Gln-G-Ala-Val-I-J-Tyr-Leu-K-L-M-N (S1)

A = Ala or Gly;

B = Val or Ile;

C = Asp, Glu or Ala;

D = Asn or Ser;

E = Thr or Ser;

F = Leu or Tyr;

G, I and J = Lys or Arg;

K = Asn, Ala or a chemical bond;

L = Ser, Ala or a chemical bond;

M = Ile, Val or chemical bond;

N = is chemical bond, Leu, Leu-Asn, Leu-Asn-Gly, Leu-Asn-Gly-Lys, Leu-Asn-Gly-Arg, Leu-Asn-Gly-Lys-Lys, Leu-Asn-Gly-Lys-Arg, Leu-Asn-Gly-Arg-Arg, Leu-Gly, Leu-Gly-Lys, Leu-Gly-Arg, Leu-Gly-Lys-Lys, Leu-Gly-Lys-Arg, Leu-Gly-Arg-Arg, Leu-Gly-Lys-Arg-Tyr-Lys-Gln-Arg-Val-Lys-Asn-Lys, Leu-Gly-Arg-Arg-Tyr-Arg-Gln-Arg-Val-Arg-Asn-Arg or Leu-Gly-Lys-Arg-Tyr-Lys-Pro-Lys-Arg-Arg-Asn-Ser-Gly-Arg-Arg-Val-Phe-Tyr.

(I) comprises (P1) in which the alpha position carboxyl group of C terminal amino acid is either modified with NH2 or unmodified.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a pharmaceutical composition (II) comprising (I), where (II) treats chronic lung disease such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or pulmonary emphysema.

ACTIVITY - Respiratory-Gen.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Suppressor of inflammation; Suppressor of cell death.

The cell death inhibitory action of vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) derivative was evaluated as follows. 0.25% of VIP derivative was added to L2 cell cultured in tobacco smoke extract. The presence or absence of cell death inhibitor effect was examined by calculating the number of cells after 48 hours of the addition. The results showed that the VIP derivative had a significant cell protective effect.

USE - (I) or (II) is useful for treating chronic lung disease such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) or pulmonary emphysema (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (P1) exhibits a strong therapeutic effect on COPD as compared to natural type VIP or pituitary gland adenylate-cyclase activating peptide (PACAP). (P1) has improved stability in solution.

ABEX ADMINISTRATION - (I) is administered by oral or nasal route in dosages ranging from 1 pg-1 mg/kg body weight as an oral formulation, powder formulation, powder nasal-drip formulation, eyes local administration agent or coating agent (claimed).

EXAMPLE - Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP ) or pituitary gland adenylate-cyclase activating peptide (PACAP) derivatives were synthesized using solid phase peptide synthesis.

## => d his full

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:18:43 ON 15 AUG 2007)
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:18:53 ON 15 AUG 2007

59 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]R[KR]Q[L'NLE'] L1AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]L|HSDA[VI]FT[DEA][NS]Y[TS]R[LY]R[KR]Q[L'NLE']AV[KR] [KR] YLAA [IV] LN | HSDA [VI] FT [DEA] [NS] Y [TS] R [LY] R [KR] Q [L'NLE' ]AV[KR][KR]YLAA[IV]LG.{0-10}/SQSP

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:20:40 ON 15 AUG 2007

L2 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:21:50 ON 15 AUG 2007

L\*\*\* DEL 133 S E1-E133

L\*\*\* DEL 59 S L1 AND L3

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:25:30 ON 15 AUG 2007

D QUE L1

D RN CN SOL KWIC NTE L1 1-59

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:26:29 ON 15 AUG 2007

D QUE L2

D IBIB ED AB HITRN L2

D IBIB ED AB HITRN L2 2-4

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:28:32 ON 15 AUG 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:29:26 ON 15 AUG 2007

E ONOUE S/AU

E US2005-536880/APPS

L3 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US2005-536880/AP

D IALL

L\*\*\* DEL 1 S L3 AND L2

D SCAN

E ENDO K/AU

E ENDO KOUSUKE/AU

E MATSUMOTO A/AU

E MATSUMOTO ASAMI/AU

58 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU

L4L\*\*\* DEL 0 S KOUSUKE E/AU OR KOUSUKE ENDO/AU

L5 403 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU OR ENDO KOUSUKE/AU

1.6 247 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU OR MATSUMOTO ASAMI/AU

1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND L5 AND L6 1.7

87 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L4 OR L5 OR L6) AND (PROTEIN? OR PEPTIDE L8

OR PACAP OR VIP)

L9 72 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L4 OR L5 OR L6) AND (PROTEIN? OR PEPTIDE OR PACAP OR VIP)/TI,AB

E PROTEIN SEQUENCES+ALL/CT

11429 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PROTEIN SEQUENCES+PFT/CT (L) (MEDICIN? OR 1.10 THERAP? OR PHARMA?)

E PEPTIDES, BIOLOGICAL STUDIES+ALL/CT

L\*\*\* DEL O S PEPTIDES, BIOLOGICAL STUDIES/CT (L) THU, PAC/RL L\*\*\* DEL O S PEPTIDES, BIOLOGICAL STUDIES/CT (L) (THU, PAC)/RL

L11 18112 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PEPTIDES, BIOLOGICAL STUDIES/CT (L) THU/RL

L124827 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PEPTIDES, BIOLOGICAL STUDIES/CT (L) PAC/RL L13 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L4 OR L5 OR L6) AND (L10 OR L11 OR L12) D SCAN TI FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:42:59 ON 15 AUG 2007 E ONOUE S/AU E ENDO K/AU E ENDO KOUSUKE/AU E MATSUMOTO A/AU E MATSUMOT ASAMI/AU E MATSUMOTO ASAMI/AU L14 36 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU L15 1081 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU OR ENDO KOUSUKE/AU L16 869 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU OR MATSUMOTO ASAMI/AU L17 O SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND L15 AND L16 291 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L14 OR L15 OR L16) AND (PROTEIN? OR L18 PEPTIDE OR PACAP OR VIP)/TI, AB L19 116 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 AND (MEDICIN? OR THERAP? OR PHARMA?) D TRIAL 1-10 L\*\*\* DEL O S VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE/MAJ 9067 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE/CT L21 2070 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20/MAJ (L) PD/CT 14342 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS/CT L22 L23 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L14 OR L15 OR L16) AND L21 L24 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L14 OR L15 OR L16) AND L20 AND L22 L25 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L23 OR L24) FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 16:51:39 ON 15 AUG 2007 E ONOUE S/AU E ENDO K/AU E ENDO KOU/AU E MATSUMOTO A/AU E MATSUMOTO ASAMI/AU L26 42 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU OR ONOUE SATOMI/AU 813 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU OR ENDO KOSUKI/AU L27 L28 716 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU OR MATSUMOTO ASAMI/AU L29 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND L27 AND L28 D SCAN L30 953 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PEPTIDE/TI AND DRUG DELIVERY L31 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L26 OR L27 OR L28) AND L30 L32 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 NOT L29 D SCAN FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 16:56:36 ON 15 AUG 2007 E ONOUE S/AU E ENDO K/AU E MATSUMOTO A/AU 51 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU L33 L34 1139 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU L35 1018 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU L36 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L33 AND L34 AND L35 D TRIAL 1-3 L\*\*\* DEL 0 S VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE[15,20,21 ARGININE 17 LEUCINE]/C L37 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE/CT E VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE/CT L38 5489 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL PEPTIDE L39 34336 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM L40 12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L33 OR L34) AND L38 L41 7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L33 OR L34) AND L39

D TRIAL 1-7

D TRIAL L40 1-12

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 17:03:55 ON 15 AUG 2007

E ONOUE S/AU

E ENDO K/AU

E MATSUMOTO A/AU

L42 39 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ONOUE S/AU

L43 5312 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ENDO K/AU

2587 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MATSUMOTO A/AU

7930 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L42 OR L43 OR L44) 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L42 AND L43 AND L44 L46

L47 897 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ADENYLATE CYCLASE ACTIVATING OR VASOACTIVE

INTESTINAL OR VIP OR PACAP

L48 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 AND L47

D SCAN

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:08:41 ON 15 AUG 2007

12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L36 OR L40 OR L41) AND (ADENYLATE L49 CYCLASE ACTIVATING OR VASOACTIVE INTESTINAL OR VIP OR PACAP)

D TRIAL 1-12

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:10:22 ON 15 AUG 2007

D OUE L13

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 17:10:47 ON 15 AUG 2007

D QUE L17

D QUE L25

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:10:58 ON 15 AUG 2007

D QUE L29

D QUE L31

L50 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 OR L31

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:11:23 ON 15 AUG 2007

D QUE L49

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 17:11:33 ON 15 AUG 2007

D QUE L46

D QUE L48

L51 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 OR L48

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIX' ENTERED AT 17:12:48 ON 15

AUG 2007 L52

L45

20 DUP REM L25 L13 L50 L49 L51 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-6' FROM FILE MEDLINE

ANSWERS '7-10' FROM FILE CAPLUS

ANSWERS '11-12' FROM FILE BIOSIS

ANSWERS '13-18' FROM FILE EMBASE

ANSWERS '19-20' FROM FILE WPIX

D IBIB ED AB L52 1-18

D IBIB AB ABEX L52 19-20

FILE HOME

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 944643-48-5

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 944643-48-5

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FILE STNGUIDE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Aug 10, 2007 (20070810/UP).

FILE MEDLÍNE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Aug 2007 (20070814/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE BIOSIS

FILE COVERS 1926 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1926 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 8 August 2007 (20070808/ED)

BIOSIS has been augmented with 1.8 million archival records from 1926 through 1968. These records have been re-indexed to match current BIOSIS indexing.

## FILE EMBASE

FILE COVERS 1974 TO 15 Aug 2007 (20070815/ED)

EMBASE is now updated daily. SDI frequency remains weekly (default) and biweekly.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE WPIX

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 AUG 2007 <20070814/UP>
MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200752 <200752/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

- >>> Now containing more than 1 million chemical structures in DCR <<<
- >>> IPC Reform backfile reclassification has been loaded to 31 May
  2007. No update date (UP) has been created for the reclassified
  documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC and
  20061231/UPIC and 20060601/UPIC. <<</pre>

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http://www.stn-international.de/training\_center/patents/stn\_guide.pdf

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>>> FOR DETAILS ON THE NEW AND ENHANCED DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX PLEASE SEE

http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi\_r.html <<</pre>

=>